facilities, measures to promote marketing, brand building and cluster development, technology upgradation, quality control, marketing througti publicity and advertisement etc.

**India's position in Atomic Power Generation**

†2987. SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that very small portion of total power is generating through atomic energy;

(b) the place where India stands in power production through atomic energy as compared to other countries; and

(c) whether it is a fact that the atomic power generation plants in the country are less efficient?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF ATOMIC ^ ENERGY (SHRIMATI VASUNDHARA RAJE): (a) and (b) The present nuclear power capacity in the country is 2720 MWe. During 2001-02, the electricity generated from Nuclear Power Stations amounted to about 3.7% of the total electricity generated in the country. The share of nuclear electricity in the total electricity production varies from country to country depending upon the energy resource scenario and the demand for electricity. As of January 2002, the nuclear share of electricity generation in different countries is as follows: United States of America 20.4%, United Kingdom 22.6%, Sweden 43.9%. Slovakia 53.4%, Belgium 58%, France 77.1%, Lithuania 77.6%. Nuclear power stations in India generated 19481 Million Units of electricity during the year 2001 - 2002.

(c) No. Sir.

**Non-Aval lability of compliance Report**

2988. MISS MABEL REBELLO: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that compliance report of various power plants to the AERB norms is not available to public scrutiny like the NGOs;

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.